

Fake Test 3

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1. a) Give the first four partial sums for $\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3^j}$

$$S_0 =$$

$$S_1 =$$

$$S_2 =$$

$$S_3 =$$

b) Guess the formula for $S_n =$

c) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n =$

2. a) What is the sum s of $x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + \dots$ when it converges
 $s =$

b) Do the ratio test and find for what x it converges

3. a) $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) =$ $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =$ $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) =$ $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) =$

cube root

b) $\sqrt[3]{1+x} = 1 +$
 give 5 terms Four more \curvearrowright

c) Approximate $\sqrt[3]{1.08}$ using your series up to the x^3 term

ans _____

d) How big could the error possibly be?

ans _____

4. Use the comparison test to check convergence of

a) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{10+n^2}$

b) $\sum_{n=11}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n-10}$

c) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}-1}$

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5. Use the limit comparison test to test the convergence

a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+8}}$

b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3 - n + 13}$

6. Use the ratio test to check the convergence of

a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n!}}$

b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{n!}$

7. A certain function satisfies $f(0)=1$, $f'(0)=0$, $f''(x)=f(x)$. Find its Taylor series. Identify the function if you can.

a) $f(0) =$ $f''(0) =$ $f^{(4)}(0) =$ $f^{(7)}(0) =$
 $f'(0) =$ $f'''(0) =$ $f^{(5)}(0) =$ $f^{(8)}(0) =$

b) $f(x) =$ Taylor series

c) The function is _____

8. Using $|R_n(x)| \leq \frac{M}{(n+1)!} (b-a)^{n+1}$ find the maximum error possible when using $\cos x \approx 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!}$ on the interval $[0, \frac{\pi}{4}]$.
 (4 pts extra credit, if you see the trick)

9. On the back of this sheet find the Taylor series of $e^{-x} \sin x$ by multiplying the series for e^{-x} by the series for $\sin x$. Find the first four non-zero terms. (You need to go up to x^5 since the x^4 term is 0.)