

Austin Heller, Lamar Callico, George Aubrey In Association with Aneuvas Technologies Inc. Client: Dr. Tim Becker GTA: Arnau Rovira

# Background

#### **Our Problem:**

Aneuvas Technologies is developing a medication to treat Brain Aneurysms. Medication efficacy is directly correlated with the amount of energy imposed on the liquids during mixing, so the researchers cannot systematically produce samples by hand.

#### **Our Goal:**

Develop a clinical system to mix the three liquid medical components with reliable, userdefined, and continuously reproducible mixing results.



## **User Requirements**

- Device must mix at a minimum speed of 2 inches/second.
- Device must be easy to use for persons with limited technical backgrounds.
- Device must be easily transportable by a single person.
- Device must produce as little dead liquid volume as possible.
  - ▶ Dead Volume Volume of liquid remaining in syringe connector after mixing.
- Device must be easy to sanitize for safe use in medical facilities.

## **Initial Brainstorming**

- Utilize Linear Actuators (Motors) for syringe mixing.
- Utilize Linear Potentiometers to control motor position and speed.
- Construct or purchase a Motor Driver capable of controlling three motors.
- Utilize a Microcontroller capable of controlling our system.
- Design a Graphic User Interface (GUI) for user ease and mix rate inputs.
- Construct a Mounting System to conserve as much space as possible and be easily transportable.

## **Linear Actuators**

- Initial Choice:
  - ▶ PA-14P Feedback Linear Actuator model with built-in Linear Potentiometer.
    - Motors rated for max speed of 2.00 inches/ second.
  - ▶ Initial tests showed motor speeds were not reaching 2 inches/ second.
    - Learned that Motor Speeds have negative linear relationship to push weight.
    - Any amount of weight on the motors caused speeds to be below minimum requirement.
- Final Choice:
  - ▶ PA-15 High-Speed Linear Actuator model.
    - Motors rated for max speed of 9.05 inches/ second.
  - Double the size of the PA-14P model, but necessary for motor speed range required.



## **Linear Potentiometer**

- Variable Resistor whose output voltage determined by the sliding terminal's position on top of a resistive element.
- Read this voltage value as a fraction of motor extension length.
- Initial Choice:
  - ▶ Use the PA-14P Feedback Linear actuator with built-in Linear Potentiometer.
  - Decided against for reasons previously described.
- Final Choice:
  - LPPS-22 Series Linear Potentiometer
  - Connected to Motors using hose-clamps and screws.





## **Motor Driver**

- Initial Ideas:
  - Construct a motor driver using Relays and H-Brides.
  - Eventually realized that this is where the previous team went wrong.
  - Building a motor driver with current overload protection is difficult for novice engineers.
- Final Choice:
  - MultiMoto Arduino Shield
    - Compatible with PA-15 motors and Arduino microcontroller.
    - ▶ Built-in H-bridges and current overload protection circuits.
    - Built-in voltage regulator for motor speed control.
    - Supports up to four motors to run simultaneously.



## Microcontroller

#### Initial Choice:

- Arduino Uno R3
  - Compatible with MultiMoto Arduino Shield.
  - Decided against because MultiMoto Arduino Shield used all pins on Uno
    - ▶ Needed more pins for linear potentiometers and on-board GUI.
- Final Choice:
  - Arduino Mega 2560
    - Compatible with MultiMoto Arduino Shield.
    - Same capabilities as Arduino Uno R3, but with more digital and analog pins.





# **Graphic User Interface**

- Initial Choices:
  - ▶ MATLAB GUI a PC-based GUI for Arduino control through a serial port connection.
    - ▶ Decided against because Arduino-support packages not exportable to standalone application.
    - ▶ User would be required to have MATLAB and run a script to control system NOT user friendly.
  - Device Druid another PC-based GUI.
    - Decided against because serial connection was unstable.
- Final Choice:
  - On-board GUI with LCD Screen and Button Pad
    - Does not look as fancy, but it gets the job done.



I Figure	- L X
Speed (0-128) 0	START
Manual Motor Position	
POS TRACKING	
L L	
t-ish	
DeviceDruid	- 🗆 ×
Diala, Connected	
* START	O State
S Set Mater Dec 0	POSM1 0 POSM2 0
V Jet motor Fos	POSM3 0 SpeedM1 0
Mix 2 Run Time	SpeedM2 0 SpeedM3 0
Clear	
pevicebruid @ 2013-2017 Pat Deegan, devicedruid.com	

## **Graphic User Interface - Flowchart**



## **Mounting System – Motor Platform**

### Initial Ideas:

- ► T-Shaped Design Uses a lot of space.
- Chicken-Foot Design No inter-syringe connector available.
- ► Foldable Linear Design Too much dead volume in inter-syringe connector.

### Final Choice:

- Foldable T-Shaped Design
  - > Allows least amount of dead volume.
  - Large area while unfolded.
  - ► About one foot by one while folded.
  - ► T made from cut sheet metal
  - Hinges at joints of T.





# **Mounting System – Syringe Mounts**

- Syringe-to-Motor
  - > 3D-printed motor piston "caps" with slots to insert end of syringe plunger.
  - Bolted to motor piston.
- Syringe-to-Platform
  - ► 3d-printed syringe holders.
  - Bolted to platform using holed drilled in center.
  - Easy-to-use cap and locking mechanism to secure syringes in place.





## **Final Product**

- Max Speed: 9.00 inches/ second
- Min Speed: 2.00 inches/ second
- Position Accuracy: +/- 0.1 inch
- ► Speed Accuracy: +/- 0.1 inch/ second



#### Current Flaws:

- Motor 3 does not completely extend at lower speeds.
- Continuous" mix cycle causes much system movement at high speeds.

### **Future Improvements**

- ▶ Improve GUI smoother menu controls.
- Improve system stability while mixing.
- Consolidate total system area use.
- ► Hide wires.

## **Device Budget and Final Cost**

Material	Description	Quantity	Cost	Total	
MultiMoto Arduino Shield	(Model: LC-82) - H-Bridge controller with four actuator allowing to conbtrol speed and current independently.	1	\$48.99	\$48.99	Used
12 Volt 2A Power Adapter	Supply AC to DC 2.1mm X 5.5mm Plug 12v 2 Amp Power Supply Wall Plug Extra Long 8 Foot Cord	1	\$8.99	\$8.99	Not Used
High Speed Linear Actuator	Model PA-15 - 4" stroke, 11lbs force, 9.05"/sec speed	3	\$145.00	\$435.00	Used
Arduino Mega 2560 Rev3	54 digital I/O pins, 16 analog inputs, and a larger space sketch	1	\$27.00	\$27.00	Used
LPPS- 22 Series Linear Potentiometer position sensor with rod end joints	Ruggedized Linear Potentiometer, Measure the linear motion or position of target with measuring range 0-4 inches.	1	\$175.00	\$175.00	Used
100-240V AC to DC 12V 10A 120W Power Supply Adapter Transformer	AC to DC 12 V 10A 120 Power Adapter	1	\$18.88	\$18.88	Used
LPPS- 22 Series Linear Potentiometer position sensor with rod end joints	Ruggedized Linear Potentiometer, Measure the linear motion or position of target with measuring range 0-4 inches.	2	\$175.00	\$350.00	Used
SunFounder IIC I2C TWI Serial 2004 20x4 LCD Module Shield for Arduino Uno Mera2560	LCD Display and I2C for the connection of the LCD to Mega	1	\$12.99	\$12.99	Used
Black Heat Resistant Rubber Pad Thin Silicone Grade Rubber Gasket Sheet 12 by 12 inch.1/25 Inch Thick	Needed for the vibration of the motors	2	\$8.99	\$17.98	Not Used
Mounting Brackets Set - 2 Brackets for PA-15		3	\$17.00	\$51.00	Used
12"x12" Sheet of Metal	The base of the device	4	\$20.98	\$83.92	Used
Bolts and Nuts	To secure the 3D prints and base components	1	\$20.00	\$20.00	Used
Matrix Array 4"x4" 16 Keys Keypad	User Interface to interact with the motors and GUI	1	\$6.79	\$6.79	Used
Elastic cords	Handles for carrying of the device	1	\$2.23	\$2.23	Used
3-D Printed Components	Syringe and Motor Holders	1	\$87.63	\$87.63	Used

Total Cost	\$1,346.40
Budget Remaining	\$153.60
Device Reproduce Cost	\$1,373.37

## Conclusion

#### **Our Problem:**

Aneuvas Technologies is developing a medication to treat Brain Aneurysms. Medication efficacy is directly correlated with the amount of energy imposed on the liquids during mixing, so the researchers cannot systematically produce samples by hand.

### **Our Goal:**

Develop a clinical system to mix the three liquid medical components with reliable, userdefined, and continuously reproducible mixing results.

#### **Our Solution:**

The Three-Way Syringe Mixing Team has created a device capable of mixing between three syringes with speeds ranging from 2-9 inches/ second, with speed accuracy of  $\pm -0.1$  in/sec, and has positional accuracy of  $\pm -0.1$  in/sec.